

**b** Obtain the image of the infinite strip x = 0 and  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$  under the 6 M transformation  $w = \cos z$ .

## UNIT-III

5 Find an iterative formula for  $\sqrt{N}$  (where *N* is a positive number) by Newton- 12 M Raphson method and hence compute the real root of  $\sqrt{24}$ .

## OR

6 a Compute the value of f(x) when x=1.4 from the given table of values. 6 M **x 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.7 1.9** 

	X	1.1	1.3	1.5	1./	1.9
	f(x)	0.21	0.69	1.25	1.89	2.61
by using Newton'	s forwa	rd interp	olation	formula	a.	

**b** Find the second degree polynomial equation P(x) for an unequal interval data 6 M P(1)=1, P(3)=27 and P(4)=64 by using Lagrange's interpolation formula.

## Q.P. Code: 16HS612

UNIT-IV

7 **a** Fit the curve of the form  $y = ae^{bx}$  for the given data 7 M

**b** Using Simpson's 
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 rule to evaluate the value of  $\int_{0}^{6} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$  5 M

OR

8 a Fit a second-degree polynomial to the following data by the method of least 5 M squares

X	0	1	2	3	4
у	1	5	10	22	38

- **b** Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{2} e^{-x^{2}} dx$  taking h = 0.25 by using Simpson's  $\frac{1}{3}$  rule 7 M
- 9 a Solve y' = x + y, with y(1) = 0 by using Taylor's series method and calculate the 6 M values of y(1.1) and y(1.2).
  - **b** Calculate the values of y(0.1) and y(0.2). Given that y'=1+xy, with y(0)=1 6 M using Picard's method.

OR

- **10** a Solve  $y' = y^2 + x$  with initial y(0) = 1 numerically by using Euler's method and 6 M also compute the values of y(0.1) and y(0.2).
  - **b** Write Runge-Kutta 4<sup>th</sup> order formulae and use it to evaluate y(0.1) and y(0.2) given 6 M  $y' = x^2 y$ , with initial condition y(0) = 1.

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